## PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

## **PCT**

# TRANSLATION INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference 0000055413	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Form PCT/IPEA/416  Priority date (day/month/year)  10.03.2004	
International application No. PCT/EP2005/002427	International filing date (day/month/year) 08.03.2005		
International Patent Classification (IPC) or n CO7D487/04, A01N43/ Applicant BASF Aktiengesellsc	90		
under Article 35 and transmitted to	eliminary examination report, established by the applicant according to Article 36.  f sheets, inc	this International Preliminary Examining Authority	
sheets of the desc	and to the International Bureau) a total of $\frac{2}{2}$ cription, claims and/or drawings which have b	sheets. as follows: seen amended and are the basis for this report and/or see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative	
the disclosure in Box. b. (sent to the Internation	the international application as filed, as indi- nal Bureau only) a total of (indicate type and n uter readable form only, as indicated in the S	y considers contain an amendment that goes beyond cated in item 4 of Box No. I and the Supplemental umber of electronic carrier(s))	
This report contains indications re			
Box No. II Priority Box No. III Non-est. Box No. IV Lack of Box No. V Reasone	the report  ablishment of opinion with regard to novelty, is unity of invention and statement under Article 35(2) with regard to sand explanations supporting such statement	nventive step and industrial applicability novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability:	
Box No. VII Certain	documents cited defects in the international application observations on the international application		
Date of submission of the demand	Date of completion	of this report	
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/EP	Authorized officer		
Facsimile No.	Telephone No.		

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International application No.
PCT/EP2005/002427

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement						
1.	Statement					
	Novelty (N)		Claims .	1-10	YES NO	
	Inventive step (IS) Industrial applicability (IA)		Claims _		YES NO	
			-	4.40	YES NO	
2.	Citations and explan	nations (Rule 7	0.7)			
V.1 Cited documents				uments		
	D1:	15 Ma	ay 198	1 317 (BASF AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT)  85 (1985-05-15)		
	D2:	TORMO	O I BI	2687 A (BASF AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT); 3LASCO, JORDI; SAUTER, HUBERT; MUELLE) 3Y 2003 (2003-02-06)		
	D3:			5 382 (BASF AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT) 1987 (1987-03-25)		
	D4:			8 629 (VEB. DEUTSCHES HYDRIERWERK 16 April 1969 (1969-04-16)		
	D5:			0 615 (AMERICAN CYANAMID COMPANY; ENGESELLSCHAFT) 2 May 1997		
	D6:	EP-A-		-02) 4 113 (MITSUBISHI PAPER MILLS, LTD; II PAPER MILLS LTD) 7 September 1994		
	The same	,	4-09-0 ations	-07) as will be used throughout the		

procedure.

## V.2 Novelty

The subject matter of claims 1--10 is encompassed in

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generic terms by the subject matter of claims 1-6 of document D1. However, there are no specific individual compounds in D1 which fall within the present claims, since the  $R^2$  radical in D1 is verified only as  $CH_3$ ,  $n-C_3H_7$  or  $n-C_4H_3$ .

The subject matter of the present claims differs from the disclosure in D2 by the definition of the  $R^2$  group, which corresponds to the X group in D2.

The subject matter of the present claims differs from the compounds disclosed in D3 in that the radical corresponding there to the  ${\bf R}^1$  group always bears an aryl group.

In the compounds disclosed in D4, the alkyl group corresponding to R¹ only has a maximum of 4 carbon atoms. The intermediates of the formulae IV and V claimed in the application are encompassed in generic terms by the subject matter disclosed in D5. In the compounds mentioned specifically in D5, however, the radical corresponding to the R¹ group is phenyl. D6 discloses two compounds which differ from the intermediates of the formula IV only with regard to the R² radical. The subject matter of all present claims is therefore novel.

### V.3 Inventive step

**V.3.1** According to the description, the problem underlying the application is considered to be that of providing 5,6-dialkyl-7-aminotriazolopyrimidines which are superior in their fungicidal action to the similar compounds known from D1.

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- V.3.2 Relevant prior art for the subject matter of claim 1 is the documents D1 to D3, since they disclose fungicidally active 7-aminotriazolopyrimidines. The structurally closest prior art is D1, since it discloses compounds which, with regard to the R² group, differ from the compounds now claimed, which bear an ethyl, ethenyl or allyl group, in that they bear an n-propyl group or an n-butyl group (D1, compounds 21, 23, 42 and 48). The compounds according to the application which bear ethyl as the R² group are encompassed in general terms even by D1 (see D1, page 2 lines 1-5).
- V.3.3 A person skilled in the art faced with the problem defined above would certainly be induced by the general disclosure from D1 to prepare novel compounds which, though, are within the generic disclosure of D1, while being able to assume that these compounds would likewise have fungicidal properties. This is precisely what has been done in the present case, and it is therefore unsurprising that the compounds according to the application actually have fungicidal action.
- V.3.4 However, the applicant has submitted tests with which particular compounds according to the application are compared to the structurally closest compounds from D1. It is evident from these tests that some preferred embodiments of the compounds according to the application, specifically those now claimed in which  $R^2$  has particular definitions, have an unexpectedly higher activity. When, in compounds from D1, ethyl is introduced for the methyl radical which corresponds to  $R^2$ , the compounds thus formed have a significantly

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improved activity against late blight in tomatoes. The replacement of propyl by allyl also leads to significantly improved action. Compounds according to the application which bear the radicals mentioned therefore solve the problem defined above in a non-obvious manner. An inventive step can therefore be acknowledged for them.

- V.3.5 An improved activity as a result of the R<sup>2</sup> radical = ethenyl has not been shown specifically and is therefore doubtful. Introduction of the  $R^2$  radical = ethenyl has therefore solved a problem different from that defined above, specifically merely the provision of further (not necessarily improved) fungicidally active 5,6-dialkyl-7-aminotriazolopyrimidines. However, the ethenyl derivatives are neither disclosed nor suggested in D1, such that the involvement of an inventive step can be acknowledged for these compounds too owing to their non-obvious structure. However, it is emphasized that, owing to the different technical problems solved (compounds where  $R^2$  = ethyl or allyl have an unexpected technical effect, namely improved action; compounds where  $R^2$  = ethenyl have a non-obvious structure and therefore constitute further compounds not suggested by the prior art), the ethyl and allyl derivatives on the one hand and the ethenyl derivatives on the other hand are based on two different inventive concepts, as a result of which the subject matter of the claims must be designated as lacking unity of invention.
- V.3.6 It remains to be emphasized that inventive step can be acknowledged for substance claims 1-4 and the use claims 8 to 10.

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V.3.7 The processes disclosed by process claims 5 and 7 are analogous to those disclosed in D1; the intermediates encompassed by claim 6 too are analogous to those from D1. However, an inventive step can likewise be acknowledged for claims 5 and 7, and also 6, since the intermediates claimed are converted to inventive end products with the aid of the processes claimed.

## V.4 Industrial applicability

The subject matter of claims 1-10 is industrially applicable.